

Contents of Volume 1

<i>Chapter 1</i>		1
Chemical Bonds in Solids		
J. C. Phillips		
1.	Why Solids Are Different from Molecules	1
1.1.	Quantum Theory of Chemical Bonds.....	5
1.2.	The Five Solid Types	6
1.3.	Bonds and/or Bands?	9
2.	Crystal Structures and Cohesive Energies of the Elements	11
2.1.	Valence Groupings	11
2.2.	Shell Effects	12
2.3.	Transition Series	14
3.	Binary Compounds and Alloys	17
3.1.	Minerals	17
3.2.	Semiconductors	22
3.3.	Intermetallic Solutions	28
4.	Chemical Bonding and Physical Properties	30
4.1.	Classical Polarizabilities	31
4.2.	Dispersion	32
4.3.	Covalent and Ionic Energies	34
4.4.	Chemical Trends in Physical Properties	37
5.	Summary.....	39
	References.....	40

<i>Chapter 2</i>	
Energy Bands	
D. Weaire	
1. Introduction	43
1.1. Historical Remarks	43
1.2. The Independent-Electron Approximation	43
2. Energy Bands in General	45
3. The Classical Descriptions of Energy Bands in Periodic Systems	49
3.1. Introduction	52
3.2. Two Classical Limits—Tight Binding and Nearly Free Electron	52
3.3. Tight Binding Theory	53
3.4. Wannier Functions	56
3.5. Nearly-Free-Electron Theory	57
3.6. Pseudopotentials	60
3.7. The Cellular Method	63
3.8. Orthogonalized Plane Wave, Augmented Plane Wave, and Related Methods	63
4. Approximations, Interpolations, Perturbations	66
4.1. Introduction	66
4.2. Moment Methods	67
4.3. Nearly-Free-Electron Perturbation Theory	69
4.4. The $\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{p}$ Method	70
4.5. Small- \mathbf{k} Expansions for KKR Theory	72
5. Some Relevant Experiments	73
5.1. Introduction	73
5.2. Soft X-Ray Emission and Absorption	75
5.3. Optical Spectroscopy	77
5.4. Fermi Surface Analysis	81
6. Typical Band Structures	83
6.1. Introduction	83
6.2. Simple Metals	84
6.3. Alkali Halides	85
6.4. Group IV Semiconductors	86
6.5. The III-V and II-VI Semiconductors	88
6.6. Silicon Dioxide	90
6.7. Transition Metals	92
6.8. Transition Metal Compounds	92
7. Disordered Solids	94
7.1. Introduction	94
7.2. Definition of Problems	95
7.3. The Density of States in an Alloy	96
7.4. The Anderson Problem	100

7.5. Topological Disorder	101
7.6. Applications	103
8. Conclusion	106
Acknowledgments	106
References	107
<i>Chapter 3</i>	
Factors Controlling the Formation and Structure of Phases	115
W. B. Pearson	
1. Introduction	115
2. Practical Prediction of Phase Stability	119
2.1. Metals: Use of Thermodynamic Data	119
2.2. Valence Compounds: Use of Crystal Chemical Knowledge	123
3. General Structural Consequences of Bonding Types	124
3.1. Ionic Crystals	124
3.2. Compounds with Saturated Covalent Bonds	127
3.3. Metallic Phases	128
3.4. <i>A Priori</i> Separation of Structure Types	129
4. Atomic Size and Structural Constraint	133
5. Factors Influencing the Stability of Crystal Structures	136
5.1. Electrochemical Factor	136
5.2. Geometric Effects	137
5.3. Energy Band Effects	146
5.4. Environmental Factors	161
6. Distortions of Crystal Structures	164
6.1. Distortions Arising from Cation–Cation Bonds	165
6.2. Jahn–Teller Distortions	168
6.3. Spin–Orbit Coupling Distortions	169
6.4. Magnetic Exchange Energies	170
6.5. Mechanical Instability	170
7. Epilogue	171
Appendix—Structure Diagrams	171
Acknowledgments	172
References	172
<i>Chapter 4</i>	
Structure and Composition in Relation to Properties	175
J. H. Wernick	
1. Magnetic Behavior	176
1.1. Introduction	176
1.2. The 3d Transition Elements	180

1.3. Rare Earth Metals	182
1.4. Role of Local Atomic Environment Regarding Development of Atomic Moments and Long-Range Order	187
1.5. Directional Ordering and Magnetic Anisotropy	194
1.6. Magnetic Oxides	199
1.7. Magnetic Semiconductors	205
1.8. Linear and Two-Dimensional Magnetic Behavior	214
1.9. Amorphous Magnetic Materials	217
1.10. Summary	218
2. Superconducting Behavior	219
2.1. Introduction	219
2.2. The Cr ₃ Si (β -W) and Transition Metal Nitride and Carbide Phases. Electron Concentration and Lattice Instability	225
2.3. Role of Stoichiometry and Atomic Order	234
2.4. Metastable Superconducting Phases	236
2.5. Paramagnetic Impurities in Superconductors	237
2.6. Ternary Superconducting Chalcogenides	238
2.7. Superconductivity of Degenerate Semiconductors	239
2.8. Summary	240
3. Dielectric Materials	240
3.1. Ferroelectrics	240
3.2. Piezoelectrics	247
3.3. Nonlinear Optical Materials	249
3.4. Electrooptic and Pyroelectric Materials	257
3.5. Summary	258
4. Mechanical Behavior	259
4.1. Introduction	259
4.2. Elastic Behavior	260
4.3. Plastic Behavior	267
4.4. Summary	271
Acknowledgments	272
References	272

Chapter 5

Introduction to Chemical and Structural Defects in Crystalline Solids	283
Morris E. Fine	
1. Introduction	283
2. Point Defects	287
3. Dislocations	291
4. Planar Defects	310
5. Volumetric Defects	322
Acknowledgments	329
References	330

<i>Chapter 6</i>	
Defect Equilibria in Solids	335
George G. Libowitz	
1. Introduction	335
1.1. Native Defects	335
1.2. Law of Mass Action and Point Defects	337
1.3. Electronic Defects	338
1.4. Energetics of Defect Formation	339
2. Native Defects	339
2.1. Defect Equilibria in Elemental Crystals	339
2.2. Defect Equilibria in Binary Compounds	341
2.3. Nonstoichiometry—Equilibria with External Phases	345
2.4. Ionization of Defects	351
2.5. Relationship between Mass Action Law and Statistical Thermodynamics	361
2.6. Defect Interactions	367
3. Multicomponent Systems	371
3.1. Equilibria Involving Foreign Atoms	371
3.2. Multicomponent Compounds	378
4. Extended Defects	380
Acknowledgment	383
References	383

Chapter 7

Characterization of Solids—Chemical Composition	387
W. Wayne Meinke	
1. Introduction	387
2. Current Capability for Determination of Chemical Composition	388
2.1. Introduction	388
2.2. General Overview	389
2.3. Analytical Techniques: Present Status	391
2.4. Precision and Sensitivity of Analytical Techniques	408
3. Application of Current Techniques to Characterization of Materials	408
3.1. Characterization of Major Phase	408
3.2. Characterization of Minor Phases and Impurities	413
3.3. Characterization of Surfaces	415
4. Utilization of Existing Techniques	416
4.1. Literature Examples	416
4.2. Factors Determining Use	416
Acknowledgments	426
References	426

<i>Chapter 8</i>		
Structural Characterization of Solids	437	
R. E. Newnham and Rustum Roy		
1. Introduction	437	
2. Structural Characterization by Optical Techniques	439	
2.1. Morphology	439	
2.2. Bulk Optical Properties.	441	
2.3. Scattering Studies	444	
2.4. Surface Characterization	444	
2.5. Particle Size and Shape.	448	
3. Structural Characterization by X-Ray Diffraction	451	
3.1. X-Ray Powder Methods.	451	
3.2. Single-Crystal X-Ray Methods	458	
3.3. Temperature and Pressure Experiments	467	
3.4. X-Ray Topography and Interferometry	474	
4. Electron Methods for Materials Characterization.	476	
4.1. Electron Microscopy.	476	
4.2. Electron Diffraction	480	
4.3. Scanning Electron Microscopy	484	
5. Neutron Scattering from Solids	487	
5.1. Neutron Sources	487	
5.2. Interactions with Matter.	489	
5.3. Structure Analysis with Neutrons	490	
5.4. Magnetic Structure Analysis	491	
5.5. Lattice and Spin Dynamics	493	
6. Spectroscopy and Local Symmetry	496	
6.1. Absorption Spectra in the Visible Range	497	
6.2. Infrared Absorption Spectroscopy	499	
6.3. Raman Spectra.	501	
6.4. Soft X-Ray Spectra	501	
6.5. Electron Spin Resonance	503	
6.6. Nuclear Magnetic Resonance	506	
6.7. Mössbauer Effect.	510	
6.8. Electron Spectroscopy.	513	
6.9. Acoustic Spectroscopy	514	
7. Physical Properties as Characterization Tools.	515	
7.1. Introduction	515	
7.2. Some Crystal Physical Generalizations.	516	
7.3. Dielectric Measurements	518	
7.4. Electrical Characterization of Solids.	519	
7.5. Magnetic Measurements.	521	
7.6. Calorimetric Measurements	527	
Acknowledgment		529
References.		529
Index		535