CONTENTS

LIST OF TABLES x
FOREWORD xi

Theory

CHAPTER I. THE ATOM 1

Introduction to quantum mechanics, 1. The Schrödinger equation, 1. The hydrogen atom, 2. The Heisenberg uncertainty principle, 7. Problems, 8. The helium atom, 9. Hartree self-consistent field, 10. Pauli exclusion principle, 14. Building up the periodic table, 15. The properties of the elements in the periodic table, 19. Problems, 23. Chapter summary, 23.

CHAPTER II. THE MOLECULE AND THE SOLID 25

The hydrogen molecule, 25. Other molecules, 28. Theoretical approach to more complicated molecules, 29. Summary, 29. Problems, 30. Electron theory of solids, lithium metal, 31. Various methods for solving the Schrödinger equation for crystals, 40. Free electron theory, 43. The bonding electrons in the periodic table, 47. Crystal field theory; liquids, 52. The bonding electrons in transition metals and rare earth metals, 53. Electronic origin of magnetism, 60. Problems, 63.

CHAPTER III. TEMPERATURE AND PRESSURE 65

The meaning of temperature, 65. The harmonic oscillator, 65. The anharmonic oscillator, 66. Coupled harmonic oscillators, 67. How to determine the eigenvalues of a crystal, 71. One dimensional chain of atoms, 72. Normal modes in three dimensions, 73. Thermodynamics, 73. Debye Theory, 77. Frequency spectrum for vanadium, 78. Phonons, 79. Elastic constants, 80. Electronic specific heat, 81. Fermi–Dirac function, 82. Magnetic specific heat, spin waves, 84. Thermodynamics of phase changes, 87. Effects of pressure, 88. Liquids, 91. Problems, 91. Chapter summary, 93.

CHAPTER IV. THE NUCLEUS 95

Static properties of the nucleus, 95. Dynamical properties of the nucleus, 98. Problems, 105. Chapter summary, 106.

Experiment

CHAPTER V. EXPERIMENTAL TECHNIQUES 107

Introduction, 107. Sample preparation, 107. Analysis of pure metals, 110. Analysis of alloys, 114. Problems, 116. Chapter summary, 117.

CHAPTER VI. DIFFRACTION 118

What can be learned from diffraction, 118. *X-RAYS*—X-ray diffraction equipment, 119. Crystal structure determinations, 119. Atomic sizes in alloys, 122.

Short range order, 128. Long range order, 131. Theory of ordering, 133. How to determine the electron probability distribution, 136. Experimental difficulties, in determining electron probability distributions, 137. Converting the structure factor into an electron probability distribution, 149. Determination of electron probability distributions from Compton scattering, 154. Thermal scattering of X-rays, 157. *NEUTRONS*—Introduction to neutron diffraction, 164. Experimental details, 165. Determining the arrangement of magnetic moments in a crystal, 166. The magnetic structure of the transition metals, 170. The magnetic structure of the rare earth metals, 175. Ordered alloys, 176. Size effects, 176. Extinction effects, 177. Diffuse scattering, 177. Summary, 178. Determination of the unpaired electron probability distribution, 178. Neutron diffraction of nickel, 180. Neutron magnetic scattering of iron, 182. Thermal scattering of neutrons, 186. Experimental techniques, 187. Thermal scattering from silicon and aluminum, 188. *ELECTRONS*—Introduction, 194. Electron probability distribution in argon gas, 196. Electron diffraction of molecules, surfaces, etc. 200. Problems, 204. Chapter summary, 205.

CHAPTER VII. SPECTROSCOPY OF THE SOLID 206

Introduction, 206. How photons interact with solids, 206. Absorption of X-rays in argon, 210. Emission of X-rays from argon, 213. X-ray emission from Fe, Co, Ni, Cu, Zn, Ga, and Ge, 215. Determination of the density of states in beryllium, 217. Fluorescent yield, 218. Structure of X-ray absorption edge, 219. Satellites, 219. Experimental techniques in X-ray emission, 220. Optical absorption in diamond, 222. The color and band structure of copper and silver, 223. Experimental techniques in the optical region, 226. Problems, 226. Chapter summary, 227

CHAPTER VIII. TRANSPORT PROPERTIES 228

Introduction, 228. Types of measurements, 230. Resistivity, 231. Magnetoresistance, 239. De Haas van Alphen effect, 244. Cyclotron resonance, 247. Anomalous skin effect, 249. Hall effect, 251. Thermoelectric Power, 258. Superconductivity, 262. Problems, 266. Chapter summary, 266.

CHAPTER IX. THERMODYNAMICS AND COHESION 268

Introduction, 268. Experimental details of specific heat and heat content measurements, 268. Analysis of the specific heat of iron, 274. Low temperature specific heat of cobalt, 278. Nuclear quadrupole contribution to the specific heat, 279. Information gained from specific heat measurements, 280. Experimental measurement of thermal conductivity, 286. Thermal conductivity of copper and nickel, 289. Thermal conductivity at low temperature, 290. Ultrasonic experimental technique, 291. Ultrasonic attenuation in a magnetic field, 292. Thermodynamics and cohesion of alloys, 293. Hume–Rothery rules, 294. Thermodynamics of copper-gold and platinum-gold alloys, 295. Experimental techniques, 297. Platinum-gold, 298. Copper-gold, 301. Pressure measurements, 302. Problems, 306. Chapter summary, 307.

CHAPTER X. MAGNETIZATION 308

Introduction, 308. Experimental techniques, 308. Results of measurements, 312. Orbital diamagnetism, 312. Ferromagnetic metals, 313. Antiferromagnetic metals, 317. Paramagnetism, 319. Pauli paramagnetism, 321. Orbital diamagnetism, 323. Exchange polarization of electrons in metallic bands, 324. Van Vleck paramagnetism, 324. Ferromagnetic resonance, 325. Antiferromagnetic resonance, 326. Paramagnetic resonance of transition metal and rare earth atoms, 327. Paramagnetic resonance of electrons at Fermi level, 328. Einstein de Haas effect, 329. Problems, 330. Chapter summary, 330.

CHAPTER XI. NUCLEAR MEASUREMENTS 332

Introduction, 332. Theoretical background for nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) and nuclear quadrupole resonance (NQR), 333. How the measurements are made, 336. The Knight shift in lithium, sodium and beryllium, 338. The Knight shift in silver-cadmium alloys, 340. The ferromagnetic shift in iron, 341. Pure quadrupole resonance in gallium, 343. Pressure and temperature dependence of Knight shift, 344. Intensity of cold worked copper, 345. Intensity of the resonance in dilute copper alloys, 346. The second moment, 348. anisotropic Knight shift in tin, thallium, cadium and mercury, 349. Exchange broadening in silver, 349. Nuclear resonance in manganese, 350. Line shape in cold worked copper, 350. Diffusion in sodium, 351. Theory of diffusion, 352. Relaxation times in aluminum and copper, 353. Overhauser effect, 355. Theory of the Mössbauer effect, 356. Mössbauer effect in iron, 357. Diffusion studies with radioactive tracers, 360. Autoradiography, 362. Radiation damage in copper, 362. Elemental analysis by activation, 365. Radioactivity and its health hazard, 368. Van de Graaff accelerators, 368. Positron annihilation in solids, 369. Problems, 372. Chapter summary, 372

CHAPTER XII. JIG-SAW PUZZLE; PROBLEM IN SYNTHESIS 373

Introduction, 373. Electronic structure of copper and iron, 373. Solutions of the Schrödinger equation for an imperfect crystal, 378. Problems, 379. Chapter summary, 380.

APPENDIX I. THERMODYNAMIC TABLES 381

Debye entropy, 382. Debye energy, 382. Debye specific heat, 382.

APPENDIX II. NUCLEAR TABLES 384

Nuclear magnetic moments, nuclear quadrupole moments, nuclear spins, 385. Absorption cross sections, coherent scattering cross sections, total scattering cross sections for thermal neutrons, 388.

APPENDIX III. 390

Suggested references, 390. Constants and conversion factors, 391. General references, 392. List of symbols according to chapters, 394.

INDEX 403