

INDICE

R. J. HEMLEY, G. L. CHIAROTTI, M. BERNASCONI and L. ULIVI – Preface pag. XIX

Gruppo fotografico dei partecipanti al Corso » XXX

STATIC COMPRESSION: OVERVIEW AND TECHNIQUES

R. J. HEMLEY and H. K. MAO – Overview of static high pressure science	» 3
1. Introduction	» 3
2. Pressure generation techniques	» 6
2'1. Evolution of very high pressure techniques	» 6
2'2. Measurement of pressure and stress	» 10
2'3. Variable temperature	» 11
3. <i>In situ</i> high pressure probes	» 13
3'1. Synchrotron radiation	» 13
3'2. Polycrystalline X-ray diffraction	» 14
3'3. Single-crystal X-ray diffraction	» 15
3'4. Radial X-ray diffraction	» 16
3'5. X-ray spectroscopy and inelastic scattering	» 16
3'6. Neutron diffraction and scattering	» 18
3'7. Optical spectroscopy	» 18
3'8. Electrical and magnetic methods	» 20
3'9. Other techniques	» 20
4. Selected applications	» 20
4'1. Dense solid hydrogen	» 20
4'2. Pressure-induced metallization and superconductivity	» 22
4'3. Polymeric nitrogen and other new materials	» 24
4'4. "Simple" silicates and oxides	» 26
4'5. Iron in the Earth's core	» 27
4'6. Pressure effects on biological systems	» 30
4'7. New generation of high pressure devices	» 30
5. Conclusions	» 32

	INDICE
T. YAGI – Experimental overview of large-volume techniques	pag. 41
1. Introduction	» 41
2. Development of large-volume apparatuses	» 41
2'1. Evolution of the piston-cylinder apparatus	» 41
2'2. The “DIA-type” apparatus	» 43
2'3. Double-stage apparatus	» 44
2'4. Use of sintered diamond	» 45
3. Basic technique for large-volume experiments	» 46
3'1. Single-stage cubic anvil	» 46
3'2. Double-stage apparatus	» 47
4. Combination with synchrotron radiation	» 49
5. Pressure and temperature measurements	» 51
6. Advantages and problems of large-volume apparatuses	» 52
7. Current prospects for large-volume techniques	» 52
8. Summary	» 53
R. BOEHLER, D. ERRANDONEA and M. Ross – The laser-heated diamond cell: High <i>P-T</i> phase diagrams	» 55
1. Introduction	» 55
2. The laser-heated diamond cell	» 56
3. Melting experiments and phase diagrams	» 59
4. Alkali halides	» 61
5. Aluminum	» 62
6. Transition metals	» 62
7. Alkaline-earth metals	» 65
8. Rare-earth metals	» 65
9. Noble gases	» 68
J. S. LOVEDAY – Crystallography at high pressure	» 73
1. Introduction	» 73
2. Radiation	» 73
3. Data collection—powder diffraction	» 74
3'1. X-ray powder diffraction	» 75
3'2. Neutron powder diffraction	» 77
3'3. Powder diffraction concluding remarks	» 79
4. Single-crystal diffraction	» 79
5. Data collection—concluding remarks	» 81
6. Analysis	» 81
7. Further sources of information	» 83
8. Conclusions	» 83
Y. K. VOHRA and S. T. WEIR – Designer diamond anvils in high pressure research: Recent results and future opportunities	» 87
1. Introduction	» 87
1'1. Advent of designer diamond technology	» 88

	INDICE		IX
2. Experimental	» 89	2. Experimental	pag. 89
2'1. Chemical vapor deposited diamond	» 90	2'1. Chemical vapor deposited diamond	» 90
2'2. Optical lithography of electrical microprobes and micro-loops	» 91	2'2. Optical lithography of electrical microprobes and micro-loops	» 91
3. Designer diamond anvils—recent experimental results	» 91	3. Designer diamond anvils—recent experimental results	» 91
3'1. Insulator to metal transition in potassium iodide studied using designer diamond anvils	» 91	3'1. Insulator to metal transition in potassium iodide studied using designer diamond anvils	» 91
3'2. Four-probe electrical resistance measurements on fullerene C ₇₀ using designer diamond anvils	» 93	3'2. Four-probe electrical resistance measurements on fullerene C ₇₀ using designer diamond anvils	» 93
3'3. Four-probe electrical resistance measurements on single wall carbon nanotubes samples using designer diamond anvils	» 97	3'3. Four-probe electrical resistance measurements on single wall carbon nanotubes samples using designer diamond anvils	» 97
3'4. Four-probe electrical resistance measurements on beryllium using designer diamond anvils	» 100	3'4. Four-probe electrical resistance measurements on beryllium using designer diamond anvils	» 100
3'5. Magnetic susceptibility measurements with designer loop anvils	» 102	3'5. Magnetic susceptibility measurements with designer loop anvils	» 102
4. Future opportunities	» 104	4. Future opportunities	» 104
4'1. Next generation of designer diamond anvils: Multitasking designer diamond anvils	» 104	4'1. Next generation of designer diamond anvils: Multitasking designer diamond anvils	» 104
DYNAMIC COMPRESSION: OVERVIEW AND TECHNIQUES			
W. J. NELLIS – Dynamic experiments: An overview	» 109	W. J. NELLIS – Dynamic experiments: An overview	» 109
1. Introduction	» 109	1. Introduction	» 109
2. Shock compression	» 110	2. Shock compression	» 110
2'1. Simple shock waves	» 111	2'1. Simple shock waves	» 111
2'2. Rankine-Hugoniot relations and equations of state	» 112	2'2. Rankine-Hugoniot relations and equations of state	» 112
2'3. Thermal equations of state and static high pressure scales	» 115	2'3. Thermal equations of state and static high pressure scales	» 115
2'4. Shock temperatures and optical emission spectra	» 116	2'4. Shock temperatures and optical emission spectra	» 116
2'5. Shock wave profiles	» 117	2'5. Shock wave profiles	» 117
2'5.1. Elastic-plastic flow and material strength	» 117	2'5.1. Elastic-plastic flow and material strength	» 117
2'5.2. Shock-induced phase transitions	» 118	2'5.2. Shock-induced phase transitions	» 118
2'6. Release of shock pressure by sound waves	» 118	2'6. Release of shock pressure by sound waves	» 118
2'6.1. Speed-of-sound measurements	» 119	2'6.1. Speed-of-sound measurements	» 119
2'6.2. Gruneisen parameter and phase transitions	» 119	2'6.2. Gruneisen parameter and phase transitions	» 119
2'7. Electrical resistivity	» 120	2'7. Electrical resistivity	» 120
2'8. Raman spectroscopy	» 120	2'8. Raman spectroscopy	» 120
2'9. Flash X-ray diffraction	» 120	2'9. Flash X-ray diffraction	» 120
2'10. Computer simulations	» 121	2'10. Computer simulations	» 121
3. Synthesis and recovery of materials	» 121	3. Synthesis and recovery of materials	» 121
3'1. Nanocrystalline materials	» 122	3'1. Nanocrystalline materials	» 122
3'2. Films	» 123	3'2. Films	» 123
3'3. Bond strengths between film and substrate	» 123	3'3. Bond strengths between film and substrate	» 123
3'4. Shock-induced defects and flux pinning	» 123	3'4. Shock-induced defects and flux pinning	» 123
3'5. Synthesis of hard materials	» 123	3'5. Synthesis of hard materials	» 123
3'6. Powder consolidation	» 123	3'6. Powder consolidation	» 123
3'7. Shock-induced chemical reactions and reactivity	» 124	3'7. Shock-induced chemical reactions and reactivity	» 124
3'8. Shock-induced melting and rapid resolidification	» 124	3'8. Shock-induced melting and rapid resolidification	» 124
3'9. Explosive systems to synthesize diamond particles	» 124	3'9. Explosive systems to synthesize diamond particles	» 124

V. E. FORTOV and V. B. MINTSEV – Strongly coupled plasma physics at megabar pressures	pag. 127
1. Introduction	» 127
2. Shock waves and strongly coupled plasma	» 127
3. Generators and drivers	» 129
4. Plasma under extreme conditions	» 134
4'1. Equation of state	» 134
4'2. Optical properties	» 137
4'3. Electrical conductivity	» 139
4'4. Adiabatic expansion	» 141
5. Conclusions	» 144

THEORY AND FUNDAMENTALS

N. W. ASHCROFT – Condensed matter at higher densities	» 151
1. Introduction	» 151
2. Nuclei and electrons: formulating the problem at variable volume	» 154
3. Structure: the fundamentals	» 158
4. Ions and electrons, and the role of pressure	» 160
5. Structure and multi-center potentials	» 163
6. Electrons in static lattices; dynamic lattices and their limits	» 167
7. Liquids and the role of pressure	» 172
8. Pair-correlation, the Percus argument, and liquids at high pressure	» 176
9. Hydrogen at high pressure	» 179
10. Near ground states of dense hydrogen	» 181
11. Electronic instability and pairing	» 187
12. Ground-state liquid-like phases	» 189

S. SCANDOLO – First-principles molecular dynamics simulations at high pressure	» 195
--	-------

1. Introduction	» 195
2. Molecular dynamics	» 197
2'1. Basic concepts	» 197
2'2. Molecular dynamics at constant pressure	» 197
2'3. First-principles MD	» 199
2'4. The Car-Parrinello method	» 201
2'5. First-principles MD at constant pressure	» 202
2'6. Empirical potentials from first-principles simulations	» 203
3. Applications	» 204
3'1. Silicon	» 204
3'2. Carbon	» 205
3'3. Hydrogen	» 205
3'4. Oxygen	» 207
3'5. Carbon oxides	» 207

3'6. Hydrocarbons	pag. 208
3'7. Water and ammonia	» 208
3'8. Other hydrogen-bonded systems: H ₂ S and HBr	» 208
3'9. Silicates and other Earth's materials	» 209
3'10. Iron	» 209
3'11. Other simple metals	» 210
4. Perspectives	» 210

R. E. COHEN, S. GRAMSCH, G. STEINLE-NEUMANN and L. STIXRUDE – Importance of magnetism in phase stability, equations of state, and elasticity	» 215
--	-------

1. Magnetism	» 215
1'1. Itinerant magnetism	» 217
1'2. Mott insulators	» 219
1'2.1. LDA+U	» 219
1'2.2. Self-interaction corrections	» 221
1'2.3. Dynamical mean-field theory	» 222
1'2.4. Hartree-Fock	» 222
2. Methods	» 222
3. Results and discussion	» 222
3'1. Overview of effects of pressure on magnetism	» 222
3'2. Magnetic behavior of Fe, FeO, and CoO with increasing pressure	» 224
3'2.1. Fe	» 224
3'2.2. FeO and CoO	» 229
4. Conclusions	» 235

J.-P. POIRIER – Rheology: Elasticity and viscosity at high pressure	» 239
1. Introduction	» 239
2. Equations of state	» 241
3. Viscosity of solids	» 244
4. Viscosity of liquids	» 246

METALS AND SUPERCONDUCTORS

K. SYASSEN – Simple metals at high pressures	» 251
1. Introduction	» 251
2. Experimental aspects	» 254
3. Cesium	» 256
4. Rubidium	» 261
5. Lithium	» 264
6. Sodium	» 266
7. Concluding remarks	» 268

XII

V. V. STRUZHIN, E. GREGORYANZ, H. K. MAO, R. J. HEMLEY and Y. A. TIMOFEEV – New methods for investigating superconductivity at very high pressures

1. Introduction
2. Overview of existing techniques
3. Double-frequency modulation method
- 3'1. Technique overview
- 3'2. Signal shape
- 3'3. Sensitivity
- 3'4. Background issues
4. Simple metals
5. Chalcogens: sulfur, selenium, tellurium
6. MgB₂ and phonon-assisted electronic topological transition
7. Conclusions

INDICE

- pag. 275
» 275
» 276
» 279
» 279
» 282
» 284
» 284
» 286
» 289
» 291
» 293

A. F. GONCHAROV, E. GREGORYANZ, V. V. STRUZHIN, R. J. HEMLEY, H. K. MAO, N. BOCTOR and E. HUANG – Raman scattering of metals to very high pressures

1. Introduction
2. Experimental
- 2'1. Raman technique
- 2'2. Materials
3. Raman studies of metals
- 3'1. Iron and Fe_(1-x)Ni_x alloy
- 3'2. Rhenium
- 3'3. MgB₂ and ETT
4. Conclusions

SIMPLE MOLECULAR SYSTEMS

W. J. NELLIS – Shock compression of hydrogen and other small molecules

1. Introduction
2. Finite temperatures
3. Minimum metallic conductivity: hydrogen
- 3'1. Experiment
- 3'2. Thermodynamic states
- 3'3. Semiconducting fluid hydrogen
- 3'4. Metallic fluid hydrogen
- 3'5. Density at metallization
- 3'6. Minimum conductivity of a metal
4. Nonmetallic fluid hydrogen
5. Minimum metallic conductivity: oxygen and nitrogen
6. Proton conductivity: water
7. Hydrocarbons: chemical decomposition

INDICE

- L. ULIVI – Quantitative spectroscopy of simple molecular crystals under pressure
1. Introduction
- 1'1. Molecular crystals
- 1'2. van der Waals compounds
2. Phase diagrams
- 2'1. Nitrogen
- 2'2. Oxygen
3. Experimental techniques
- 3'1. Sample preparation
- 3'2. Raman scattering
- 3'3. Infrared absorption
4. Nitrogen
- 4'1. δ-N₂
- 4'2. Stability of ε-N₂ and ζ-N₂
- 4'3. Vibrational coupling
5. Oxygen
- 5'1. Magnetism
- 5'2. α-δ transition
- 5'3. Molecular pairing
6. Conclusive remarks
- J. S. LOVEDAY – Hydrogen bonding at high pressure
1. Introduction
 2. Definitions
 3. Techniques
 - 3'1. Vibrational spectroscopy
 - 3'2. Structural studies
 - 3'3. *Ab initio* modelling
 4. Molecular systems: water-ice
 - 4'1. Ice X
 - 4'2. Disorder in ice VII
 - 4'3. Beyond ice X
 5. Other ices
 - 5'1. Ammonia
 - 5'2. Hydrogen sulphide
 6. Hydroxyl H-bonds
 - 6'1. Alkali hydroxides
 - 6'2. Brucite-structured hydroxides
 7. Clathrate hydrates and other water-gas mixtures
 - 7'1. Filled-ice clathrates
 - 7'2. Cage clathrates
 - 7'3. Ammonia hydrates
 8. Summary

CHEMISTRY AND BIOLOGY

G. JENNER – High pressure organic synthesis: Overview of recent applications	pag. 373
1. Introduction	» 373
2. Recent applications	» 376
2'1. Cycloadditions	» 376
2'1.1. [2 + 2] Cycloadditions	» 377
2'1.2. [4 + 2] Cycloadditions	» 378
2'1.3. 1,3-Dipolar cycloaddition	» 382
2'1.4. Ene reactions	» 385
2'2. Michael and related reactions	» 385
2'2.1. Nitroaldol reaction (also called Henry reaction)	» 385
2'2.2. Knoevenagel reactions	» 385
2'2.3. Mannich reactions	» 385
2'3. Ionogenic reactions	» 387
2'3.1. Morita-Baylis-Hillman (MBH) reactions	» 387
2'3.2. Conjugate addition of amines to α, β -ethylenic compounds ..	» 387
2'4. Miscellaneous reactions	» 387
2'4.1. Aromatic nucleophilic substitutions	» 387
2'4.2. Aminolysis of epoxides	» 390
2'4.3. Peptide coupling reactions	» 391
2'4.4. Addition-substitution reactions	» 391
2'4.5. Polymerization reactions	» 391
3. Conclusions	» 391
G. JENNER – Mechanistic studies of organic reactions by high pressure kinetics	» 395
1. Introduction	» 395
2. Determination of mechanisms	» 398
3. Conclusions	» 410
R. WINTER – High pressure effects in molecular biophysics	» 413
1. Introduction	» 413
2. Lipid mesophases and model biomembrane systems	» 414
2'1. Experimental techniques	» 418
2'2. Lipid-water diffraction patterns	» 420
2'3. Single-component lipid systems	» 422
2'4. Binary lipid mixtures	» 428
2'5. Effect of additives	» 434
2'6. Kinetics of phase transformations in lipid systems	» 438
3. Pressure effects on protein structure	» 440
3'1. Experimental techniques	» 441
3'2. Equilibrium studies of protein denaturation	» 442
3'3. Kinetic studies of the un/refolding reaction of proteins	» 446
4. Exploitation of pressure effects in biotechnology and molecular biology ...	» 448

R. BINI – Chemical transformations of molecular crystals at high pressure ..	pag. 455
1. Introduction	» 455
2. Experimental techniques	» 457
3. Kinetics	» 458
4. Chemical reactions involving aromatic molecules	» 460
4'1. Benzene	» 461
4'2. Furan	» 463
4'3. Thiophene	» 465
4'4. Styrene	» 465
4'5. Conclusions	» 465
5. Chemical reactions in crystals of very simple molecules	» 466
5'1. Nitriles	» 466
5'2. Carbon monoxide	» 468
5'3. Acetylene	» 469
5'4. Butadiene	» 471
5'5. Conclusions	» 473
P. F. McMILLAN – Solid state chemistry at high pressures and high temperatures ..	» 477
1. Introduction	» 477
2. The emergence of high pressure solid state science	» 478
3. "Windowed" experiments for <i>in situ</i> studies of high pressure phases and phase transitions	» 482
4. Opportunities for high pressure solid state chemistry	» 482
5. Thermodynamics, and practical considerations for high pressure-high temperature experiments in solid state chemistry	» 486
6. Opportunities and considerations for high pressure-high temperature synthesis of new materials	» 490
7. Three case histories: Ge ₃ N ₄ -Si ₃ N ₄ spinels, icosahedral B ₆ O, and LiSi	» 492
7'1. Ge ₃ N ₄ -Si ₃ N ₄ spinels	» 492
7'2. Synthesis of icosahedral borides in the B ₆ O-B ₆ N system	» 497
7'3. Synthesis of lithium monosilicide, LiSi	» 501
8. Conclusions and outlook	» 505
LIQUIDS, GLASSES, AND NANOSTRUCTURES	
P. F. McMILLAN – Liquid state polymorphism	» 511
1. Introduction	» 511
2. Melting relations	» 516
3. The case of water, H ₂ O	» 518
4. Pressure-induced amorphisation and polyamorphism: general considerations ..	» 520
5. Liquid-liquid phase transitions and the "two-state" model to interpret melting curve maxima	» 526

6.	The “two-state” model, liquid-liquid transitions, and extension to other systems	pag. 529
7.	The relationship with glassy state polyamorphism, PIA, and the negative slope of the melting curve: the general nature of L-L phase transitions	» 533
8.	Extensions of the two-state model, and its implications for rheology	» 536
9.	Revisiting $\text{Y}_2\text{O}_3\text{-Al}_2\text{O}_3$: the effects of the compositional variable and the evolution towards “normal” liquid-liquid immiscibility	» 539
10.	Summary	» 541

A. K. ARORA – Pressure-induced amorphization	» 545
1. Introduction	» 545
2. Ice	» 546
3. Quartz and other polymorphs	» 549
4. Other systems	» 554
5. Effect of nonhydrostatic pressure	» 556
6. Criterion for PIA	» 557
7. The final equilibrium state	» 557
8. Criterion for pressure-induced decomposition	» 558
9. PIA as kinetically constrained PID	» 560

U. D. VENKATESWARAN and P. C. EKLUND – High pressure Raman studies of carbon nanotubes: Pristine and iodine-doped single-walled bundles	» 567
1. Introduction	» 567
2. Structure and symmetry, electronic, and vibrational properties	» 568
3. Pressure dependence of the Raman bands in pristine SWNT bundles	» 572
4. Iodine-doped SWNT bundles	» 576
5. Summary and conclusions	» 581

EARTH AND PLANETARY SCIENCE

D. J. STEVENSON – Introduction to planetary interiors	» 587
1. The relevance of planetary interiors	» 587
2. How does a planet differ from a rock or a cloud of gas?	» 588
3. What are planets made of?	» 588
4. “Rocks”, “ices” and “gases”	» 589
5. What are the pressures inside planets?	» 591
6. How do we figure out the behavior of materials at high pressure?	» 592
7. How can external measurements tell us about what’s inside a planet?	» 593
7.1. Gravity	» 594
7.2. Topography	» 594
7.3. Rotational state and tidal response	» 594
7.4. Seismicity and seismology (broadly defined)	» 595
7.5. Heat flow	» 595

7.6. Surface thermodynamic and chemical state	pag. 595
7.7. Intrinsic magnetic field and paleomagnetism	» 596
7.8. Electromagnetic response	» 596
8. The gravity field and moments of inertia	» 596
9. Observed heat flows	» 599
10. Expected heat flows	» 599
10.1. Radioactivity	» 599
10.2. Secular cooling	» 600
10.3. Differentiation	» 600
10.4. Tides	» 600
11. The conductive (or radiative) state	» 600
11.1. Terrestrial planets	» 600
11.2. Giant planets	» 601
12. Why are planetary magnetic fields interesting?	» 602
13. What fields are observed?	» 602
14. What is the geometry of large fields?	» 602
15. Where do magnetic fields come from?	» 604
16. Why do some planets have dynamos while others do not?	» 605
17. Concluding comments	» 605

W. J. NELLIS – Planetary interiors: Experimental constraints	» 607
--	-------

1. Jovian planets	» 607
1.1. Laboratory experiments	» 608
1.2. Implications for Jupiter	» 610
1.2.1. Nature of the interior	» 610
1.2.2. Magnetic field	» 612
2. Icy giant planets	» 615

J.-P. POIRIER – Earth materials at high pressures and temperatures: The case of the Earth’s core	» 619
--	-------

1. Introduction	» 619
2. Composition of the outer core	» 620
3. Reactions at the core-mantle boundary	» 621
4. Viscosity of the outer core	» 621
5. Energetics and cooling of the core	» 622
6. The phase of iron in the inner core	» 622
7. Crystallization temperature of the inner core	» 623
8. Anisotropy and deformation of the inner core	» 623

R. BOEHLER, L. CHUDINOVSKIKH and V. HILLGREN – Earth’s core and lower mantle: Phase behavior melting, and chemical interactions	» 627
---	-------

1. Introduction	» 627
2. Seismic velocity discontinuities in the Earth’s mantle	» 628
2.1. Melting temperatures of iron and the temperature in the Earth’s core	» 632
2.2. Shock melting of iron	» 633

2.3. Extrapolation of the iron melting curve to the inner core boundary (330 GPa)	pag. 634
2.4. Light elements and the density deficit in the core	» 635
2.5. Melting depression of iron by light elements.....	» 635
3. The core-mantle boundary	» 636
3.1. Temperature.....	» 636
4. Chemical interaction between the core and the mantle	» 637
T. YAGI – Behavior of Earth materials under deep mantle conditions	
1. Introduction	» 643
2. Experimental techniques.....	» 645
2.1. High pressure apparatuses	» 645
2.2. <i>In situ</i> X-ray observation using synchrotron radiation	» 646
2.3. TEM analysis of recovered samples	» 646
3. Phase transformations in the deep mantle	» 647
3.1. Olivine	» 648
3.2. Pyroxene.....	» 650
3.3. Garnet	» 650
3.4. Dense silicate structure: Perovskite	» 651
4. Summary	» 654
Indice analitico	» 657
Elenco dei partecipanti	» 669