## **Contents**

Preface	хi
Acknowledgements	xili
GLOSSARY	XV
Chapter 1, The Physics of Turbulence	1
1.1. "Control-volume" Analysis for the Equations of Motion	1
1.2. Newton's Second Law of Motion	4
1.3. The Newtonian Viscous Fluid	5
1.4. Possible Solutions of the Equations of Motion	7
1.5. The Reynolds Stresses	10
1.6. Vortex Stretching	12
1.7. Compressible Flow	17
1.8. Flow-visualization Experiments	18
Chapter 2. Measurable Quantities and their Physical Significance	21
2.1. Statistics of Random Processes	21
2.2. Turbulent Energy	24
2.3. Spatial Correlations	28
2.4. Time Correlations	29
2.5. Frequency Spectra	30
2.6. Wave Number Spectra	34
2.7. Space-Time Correlations	40
2.8. Cross-correlations and Cross-spectra	43
2.9. Higher-order Correlations and Spectra	43
2.10. Probability Distributions and Intermittency	44
CHAPTER 3. EXAMPLES OF TURBULENT FLOWS	47
3.1. Turbulence behind a Grid of Bars	47
3.2. "Infinite" Shear Flow	49
3.3. Couette Flow	50
3.4. Two-dimensional Boundary Layers	55
3.5. Three-dimensional Boundary Lavers	63

***	•	
VIII	CONTENT	ß

3.6. Duct Flows	64
3.7. Jets, Wakes and Plumes	68
3.8. Atmospheric and Oceanic Turbulence	72.
3.9. Separated Flows	75
3.10. Heat and Mass Transfer	79
3.11. Turbulence in Non-Newtonian Fluids	82
Chapter 4. Measurement Techniques	85
4.1. Hot Wires, Films and Thermistors	86
4.2. Constant-current and Constant-temperature Operation	87
4.3. Doppler-shift Anemometers	92
4.4. Glow-discharge or Corona-discharge Anemometers	96
4.5. The Pulsed-wire Anemometer	97
4.6. Particle Visualization	98
4.7. Use of Steady-flow Techniques for Fluctuation Measurement	99
4.8. Measurement of Surface Pressure Fluctuations	102
4.9. Specialized Techniques of Turbulence Measurement	103
	100
CHAPTER 5. THE HOT-WIRE ANEMOMETER	106
5.1. Heat Transfer	109
5.2. The Effect of Fluid Temperature	117
5.3. The Effect of Flow Direction	119
5.4. Contamination of Probes	123
5.5. Probe Design and Manufacture	126
5.6. Spatial Resolution	130
5.7. Frequency Response	131
2 2 reduction recognition	131
Chapter 6. Analysis of Fluctuating Signals	134
6.1. Analogue Computing Elements	134
6.2. Input and Output Impedance, and Frequency Response	143
6.3. Noise and Hum	
6.4. Averaging Time	146 148
6.5. Automatic Recording of Time-average Quantities	- :-
6.6. Digital Recording of Fluctuating Signals	149
o.o. Digital Recording of Fluctuating Signals	150
CHAPTER 7. TEMPERATURE AND CONCENTRATION MEASUREMENTS	155
7.1. Separation of Velocity and Temperature Fluctuations	155
7.2. High-speed Flow	155 157
7.3. Probes for Supersonic Flow	
7.4. Sensitivity of a Hot Wire to Velocity and Total-temperature Fluctuations	159
7.5. Small Temperature Differences	160
7.6. Measurements in the Presence of Concentration Differences	163
AND AND REMIER CONTROL OF A CONCENTRATION LATTER PROCESS.	164

CONTENTS	ix	
CHAPTER 8. SUMMARY OF PRACTICAL DETAILS	167	
8.1. Choice of Anemometer	167	
8.2. Choice of Probe	168	
8.3. Calibration	170	
8.4. Errors	175	
8.5. Arrangements of Apparatus	181	
8.6. Distortion of the Flow by the Presence of the Probe	184	
APPENDIX 1. The Equations of Motion	186	
APPENDIX 2. Turbulence Research	194	
Notation	201	
References	204	
Further Reading	208	
INDEX	211	