

Contents

AUTHOR'S FOREWORD	v
NOTATION	xiii
INTRODUCTION	xvii
1. FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS OF THE THEORY OF RELIABILITY	1
1.1 Reliability	1
1.2 Failure	6
1.3 Criteria of Reliability. Characteristics of Reliability	8
1.4 Storageability	9
1.5 Maintainability	11
1.6 Service Life	13
1.7 Redundancy	13
1.8 Component of Reliability Calculation	14
1.9 Standby Redundancy	15
2. QUANTITATIVE CHARACTERISTICS OF RELIABILITY	22
2.1 General Comments	22
2.2 Probability of Failure-Free Operation	24
2.3 Failure Rate. Mean Failure Rate	27
2.4 Intensity of Failures	35
2.5 Mean Time of Failure-Free Operation. Mean Time Between Adjacent Failures	38
2.6 Reliability Factors	47
2.7 Coefficients Which Take into Account the Forced Down Time of Equipment	48
2.8 The Rate of Preventive Maintenance	52
2.9 Coefficients Which Characterize the Effect of Components on the Reliability of Equipment	53
2.10 Coefficient of the Cost of Operation	63
2.11 The Flows of Failures	64
2.12 Laws of Distribution of the Time Intervals Between Failures	73

2.13	Quantitative Characteristics of Reliability for Different Laws of Distribution of the Times of Occurrence of Failures	74
2.14	Quantitative Characteristics of Reliability of Equipment for Different Purposes	96
3.	RELIABILITY OF COMPONENTS	99
3.1	Quantitative Reliability Characteristics of Components	99
3.2	Effect of the Reliability of Components on the Reliability of an Automatic System	102
3.3	Types of Failures. Effect of Operating Conditions on the Quantitative Reliability Characteristics of Components	109
4.	CALCULATION OF RELIABILITY FOR MAIN COUPLING OF COMPONENTS	130
4.1	General Comments	130
4.2	Calculation of Reliability for Sudden Failures	131
4.3	The Coefficient Method of Calculating Reliability	144
4.4	Taking into Account the Burn-in Period	153
4.5	Calculation of Reliability in the Case of Gradual Failures	154
4.6	Calculation of Reliability in the Presence of Gradual Failures According to Deviations of the Transfer Function	161
4.7	The Matrix Method of Calculating Reliability	164
4.8	Method of Calculation of Reliability Which Takes into Account Variation of the Parameters of Components	171
4.9	The Spectral Method of Calculation of Reliability	174
5.	RELIABILITY ANALYSIS FOR CONSTANTLY CONNECTED STANDBYS	181
5.1	Fundamental Quantitative Reliability Characteristics for Constantly Connected Standbys	181
5.2	Reliability Coefficients in the Case of Constantly Connected Standbys	196
5.3	Gain in Reliability in the Case of Constantly Connected Standbys	204
5.4	Effects of Switching Devices on the Quality of Standby Redundancy with Constantly Connected Standbys	215
5.5	Probability of Failure-Free Operation and Failure Probability of a System in the Case of Standby Redundancy by Replacement	227
5.6	Fundamental Quantitative Characteristics in the Case of Exponential Law of Reliability and "Cold" Standbys	235
5.7	Fundamental Quantitative Characteristics in the Case of Exponential Law of Reliability and "Tepid" Standbys	243
5.8	Coefficients of Reliability in the Case of Standby Redundancy by Replacement	251
5.9	The Gain in Reliability in the Case of Standby Redundancy by Replacement	253

5.10	Effect of Switching Devices on the Quality of Standby Redundancy by Replacement	261
6.	RELIABILITY ANALYSIS OF SYSTEMS IN THE CASE OF BY-COMPONENT (SEPARATE) STANDBY REDUNDANCY	269
6.1	Fundamental Quantitative Characteristics of Reliability in the Case of Constantly Connected Standbys	269
6.2	Gain in Reliability in the Case of Constantly Connected Standbys	287
6.3	Effect of Open Circuits and Short Circuits on the Quality of Standby Redundancy	295
6.4	Fundamental Quantitative Reliability Characteristics in the Case of By-Component Standby Redundancy by Replacement	309
6.5	Gain in Reliability in the Case of By-Component Standby Redundancy by Replacement	313
6.6	Effect of Switching Devices on the Quality on Standby Redundancy by Replacement	318
7.	RELIABILITY ANALYSIS OF SYSTEMS IN THE CASE OF STANDBY REDUNDANCY WITH FRACTIONAL MULTIPLICITY	323
7.1	Quantitative Characteristics of Reliability in the Case of Constantly Connected Standbys	323
7.2	Gain in Reliability in the Case of Constantly Connected Standbys	330
7.3	Effect of Switching Devices on the Quality of Standby Redundancy with Fractional Multiplicity	334
7.4	Reliability Analysis in the Case of "Cold" Sliding Standbys	340
7.5	Gain in Reliability in the Case of "Cold" Sliding Standbys	349
7.6	Reliability Analysis of a System with Standby Redundancy and with Automatic Failure Locators	351
7.7	Combining General and Separate Standby Redundancy	359
7.8	Optimal Standby Redundancy	361
7.9	Application of "The Process of Pure Multiplication" for the Investigation of Standby Redundancy	366
8.	METHODS OF INCREASING THE RELIABILITY OF COMPLEX SYSTEMS	373
8.1	Requirements Imposed on the Reliability of Complex Systems	373
8.2	Methods of Increasing the Reliability of Complex Systems	379
8.3	Standby Redundancy as a Means of Increasing Reliability	382
8.4	Decreasing the Failure Intensity of a System	387
8.5	Shortening of Time of Continuous Operation	397
8.6	Decreasing Mean Repair Time	399
8.7	Comparison of Different Methods of Increasing Reliability	400
8.8	Examples	409

APPENDIX 1. Tables of the Probability Integral and the Reduced Laplace Function	417
APPENDIX 2. Failure Intensity of Components	421
APPENDIX 3. Correction Coefficients for Failure Intensity of Components	438
APPENDIX 4. Table of the Gamma Function	445
APPENDIX 5. Table of the Exponential Function	446
REFERENCES	451
INDEX	457

