

CONTENTS

Preface	v
Contents	vii
Introduction	xi
Introduction to the English edition	xvii
1. Color centers in ionic crystals: an introduction	1
1.1. Principal point defects in alkali-halides	2
1.1.1. Electron centers	2
1.1.2. Hole centers	12
1.1.3. Alkaline sub-lattice defects	16
1.1.4. Impurity defects	16
1.2. Color centers in other ionic solids	23
1.2.1. The alkali-earth fluorides	24
1.2.2. Alkali-earth oxides	25
1.2.3. Point defects in silver halides	27
References to chapter 1	32
2. Vibrational perturbations in ionic solids	37
2.1. The dynamics of perfect crystals	38
2.1.1. The approximations	38
2.1.2. Vibrations in a lattice with one atom per unit cell	40
2.1.3. The measurement and calculation of dispersion curves: the phonon density of states	41
2.2. The crystals containing point defects	43
2.2.1. The linear diatomic chain containing one impurity	44
2.2.2. The problem in three dimensions	46
2.3. Some examples of localized modes	47

2.3.1. Hydrogen localized modes	47
2.3.2. The OH^- localized modes in the alkali-halides	59
2.4. Some examples of gap modes	63
2.5. Some resonant modes	65
2.5.1. Ag^+ in the alkali-halides	65
2.5.2. Li^+ in alkali-halides: an off-center system	70
2.5.3. OH^- in alkali-halides: another off-center system	74
2.6. Defect induced Raman scattering in ionic solids	76
2.6.1. Theoretical preliminaries	76
2.6.2. Raman scattering from the Tl impurity in the alkali-halides	79
2.6.3. Raman scattering in mixed crystals	79
2.7. Defect tunnelling in ionic solids	81
2.7.1. Study of a para-elastic system; substitutional O_2^- in the alkali-halides	81
2.7.2. The para-elastic and para-electric systems	85
2.7.3. Phenomena associated with para-electricity and para-elasticity	91
2.7.4. Electric dipole interactions: local order at high concentrations	93
2.8. Phonon generation and detection	96
2.8.1. Generation of monochromatic phonons by micro-waves	96
2.8.2. Phonon detection by optical methods	98
References to chapter 2	100
3. Effect of electron-vibration interaction on optical transitions	105
3.1. Introduction	105
3.2. Electron-vibration interaction and optical transitions	105
3.2.1. The adiabatic approximation and the Franck-Condon principle	105
3.2.2. Theory of vibronic transitions	108
3.2.3. Zero-phonon lines and vibrational sidebands	113
3.3. Vibronic spectra	115
3.3.1. F-center aggregates	115
3.3.2. Molecular impurities	119
3.3.3. Piezospectroscopic effects	120
3.4. Optical transitions between degenerate electronic states	123
3.4.1. The Jahn-Teller effect	123
3.4.2. Jahn-Teller effect on an orbital triplet T, in cubic (O_h) symmetry	126

3.4.3. Jahn–Teller effect in an orbital doublet, in a cubic symmetry	130
3.4.4. Optical evidences of the Jahn–Teller effect	132
3.5. Resonant Raman scattering	138
3.5.1. Effect of resonance on the defect-induced Raman scattering	138
3.5.2. Hot luminescence	141
3.5.3. Experimental evidences	142
References to chapter 3	144
 4. The electronic states of defects in ionic solids	 147
4.1. Introduction	147
4.2. The F-center in alkali-halides	148
4.2.1. The simple models	148
4.2.2. The first excited state; spin–orbit coupling, angular momentum, Stark and Zeeman effects, uniaxial strain effects	149
4.2.3. F-center luminescence	156
4.2.4. Theoretical calculations on the electronic states of the F-center	160
4.2.5. Recent spectroscopical evidences on F*	169
4.2.6. Optical detection of magnetic resonance in the F-center	175
4.3. The exciton in the alkali-halides: propagation and self-trapping	183
4.3.1. The self-trapped exciton	185
4.3.2. Excitonic self-trapping and energy transfer	189
4.4. Resonant electronic states	190
4.4.1. Theoretical preliminaries	190
4.4.2. Experimental evidences on the L-bands	191
4.5. Heavy metal ions in alkali-halides	193
4.5.1. Optical spectra of Tl-like ions in alkali-halides	193
4.5.2. Luminescence properties of Tl-like impurities in alkali-halides	199
4.5.3. Non-radiative processes in the excited state of Tl	204
4.6. Non-radiative transitions: an example, the triplet state of F ₂ -centers in alkali-halides	208
4.6.1. Experimental results on the metastable triplet state of F ₂ -centers	209
4.6.2. Interpretation of the radiative process	211
4.6.3. The non-radiative mechanism	213
References to chapter 4	218

5. Applications	223
5.1. Creation of color centers by ionizing radiations	224
5.1.1. The primary effect	224
5.1.2. The secondary effects	230
5.2. The use of color centers in X- and γ -ray dosimetry	232
5.3. Color centers in natural crystals: geological applications	234
5.4. The use of point defects for optical memories	235
5.5. Applications connected with defects with a permanent dipole moment	240
5.5.1. Low temperature dielectric thermometers	240
5.5.2. Adiabatic cooling	241
5.5.3. The Kerr effect	241
5.6. Broadly tunable lasers using color centers	242
References to chapter 5	246
Author index	249
Subject index	259