Contents

Introduction. By S. Bashkin 1

1. Experimental Methods. By S. Bashkin 5
   - 1.1 Accelerators 5
   - 1.2 Ion Sources 6
   - 1.3 Beam Requirements and Limitations 8
   - 1.4 Mass Analyzers 9
   - 1.5 Target Chambers 12
   - 1.6 Targets 14
   - 1.7 Analytical Devices 17
   - 1.8 Detectors 19
   - 1.9 Detection Geometry and Line Width 22
   - 1.10 Beam Monitors 25
   - 1.11 External Fields 28
   - 1.12 Concluding Remarks 29

References 29

2. Studies of Atomic Spectra by the Beam-Foil Method. By I. Martinson 33
   - 2.1 Experimental Methods 33
   - 2.2 Results of Spectral Studies 38
     - 2.2.1 Previously Incompletely-Studied Systems 39
     - 2.2.2 Hydrogen-Like Levels 43
     - 2.2.3 Displaced Terms 48
     - 2.2.4 Multiply-Excited States 50

References 57

3. Lifetime Measurements. By L. J. Curtis 63
   - 3.1 Lifetime Studies as a Basic Area of Atomic Physics 64
     - 3.1.1 The Need for Lifetime Measurements 65
     - 3.1.2 Lifetime Measurements Prior to the Development of the Beam-Foil Technique 66
   - 3.2 Definitions of Basic Quantities 68
     - 3.2.1 Instantaneous Populations 68
     - 3.2.2 Transition Probabilities and Oscillator Strengths 69

3.3 Measurement of Beam-Foil-Excited Decay Curves 70
3.3.1 Strengths and Limitations of the Beam-Foil Technique 70
3.3.2 Details of Beam-Foil Apparatus and Measurement Procedures 72
3.3.3 Cascade Repopulation - A Tractable Problem 76
3.4 Time Dependence of the Measured Decay Curves 79
3.4.1 Solution of the Driven Coupled Linear Rate Equations 79
3.4.2 A Quantitative Indicator of Level Repopulation - The Replenishment Ratio 83
3.4.3 Intensity Relationships for an Aligned Source 83
3.4.4 Distortions Which Preserve the Mean-Life Content of a Decay Curve 85
3.5 Mean-Life Extraction by Exponential Fits to Individual Decay Curves 87
3.5.1 Maximum Likelihood Method 87
3.5.2 Non-Linear Least Squares Method 88
3.5.3 Differentiation and Integration of Decay Curves 90
3.5.4 Expansion About a Close-Lying Mean Life 91
3.5.5 Fourier-Transform Methods 92
3.5.6 Method of Moments 92
3.6 Mean-Life Extraction by Joint Analysis of Cascade-Related Decay Curves 93
3.6.1 Ambiguities in the Assignment of Fitted Mean Lives 93
3.6.2 Constrained Fits 96
3.6.3 Linearly-Fitted Normalizations of Cascade-Related Decay Curves 96
3.7 Cascade-Free Methods 100
3.7.1 Beam-Foil Coincidence Techniques 100
3.7.2 Use of Alignment to Discriminate Against Cascades 100
3.7.3 Laser Excitation 102
3.8 Concluding Remarks 104
References 104

4. Theoretical Oscillator Strengths of Neutral, Singly-Ionized, and Multiply-Ionized Atoms: The Theory, Comparisons with Experiment, and Critically-Evaluated Tables with New Results. By Oktay Sinanoğlu 111
4.1 The Non-Closed-Shell Many-Electron Theory 114
4.2 A Spectroscopic Interpretation of the Charge Wave Function 118
4.3 NCMET Calculations 120
4.3.1 The L^2, S^2 Symmetry of ψ_c 123
4.3.2 Dipole Length vs. Dipole Velocity 124
4.3.3 Semi-Internal Orbital Variations (Type A, Lowest-of-Symmetry, States) 125

4.4 States Not Lowest of Their Symmetry 126
4.4.1 Neutral and Singly-Ionized Atoms 127
4.4.2 Variational Collapse and Its Avoidance 129
4.5 New Oscillator Strengths for Intershell (KL → KL'[M]) Transitions to Pre-Rydberg Levels ($\overline{V}$ → pR) 134
4.6 Further Examination of Remaining Correlation Effects on Oscillator Strengths with NCMET 136
4.7 Conclusion 141
References 142

5. Regularities of Atomic Oscillator Strengths in Isoelectronic Sequences. By Wolfgang Wiese 147
5.1 Theoretical Basis 149
5.1.1 Definitions 149
5.1.2 Nuclear Charge-Dependence of the f-Value 150
5.1.3 Investigation of Lim 1/Z → 0 152
5.2 Discussion of Established Trends 153
5.2.1 Basic Trends 155
5.2.2 Curves With a Maximum 156
5.2.3 Curves With a Minimum 164
5.2.4 Anomalous Curves 166
5.3 Oscillator-Strength Distributions in a Spectral Series Along an Isoelectronic Sequence 167
5.4 Relativistic Effects and Corrections 169
5.5 Summary 174
References 175

6. Applications to Astrophysics: Absorption Spectra. By Ward Whaling 179
6.1 Branching Ratios 180
6.1.1 Light Sources 181
6.1.2 Spectrometers 182
6.1.3 Spectrometer Calibration 183
6.1.4 Selection of Branches to be Measured 184
6.2 Curve-of-Growth Analysis 185
6.2.1 Construction of a Curve-of-Growth 186
6.2.2 Internal-Consistency Test 187
6.2.3 Comparison of Transition Probabilities for Different Transitions 188
6.2.4 Solar-Abundance Determination 188
6.3 Beam-Foil-Spectroscopy Measurements Needed for Astrophysical Applications 189
References 190

7. Applications of Beam-Foil Spectroscopy to the Solar Ultraviolet Emission Spectrum. By Leon Heroux 193
7.1 Ionization Balance in the Chromosphere and Corona 196
7.2 Excitation Balance in the Chromosphere and Corona 196
7.3 Line-Ratio Measurements of Electron Temperature 198
7.4 Line-Ratio Measurements of Electron Density 203
7.5 The Determination of Chromospheric-Coronal Abundances 204
7.6 Beam-Foil Measurements Needed for Diagnostic Methods 206
References 207

8. Studies of Hydrogen-Like and Helium-Like Ions of High Z. By Richard Marrus 209
8.1 The Lamb Shift in the One-Electron System 209
8.1.1 Quenching Measurements on Fast Ion Beams of High Z 212
8.1.2 Lamb Shift in Hydrogen Using Separated Oscillating Fields 214
8.2 Lamb Shift in Two-Electron Systems 215
8.3 Radiative Decay of the $2S_{1/2}$ Metastable State of the One-Electron System 216
8.3.1 Theory 217
8.3.2 Experiments 220
8.4 Forbidden Radiative Decay in the n=2 State of the Two-Electron System 224
8.4.1 Radiative Decay from $2\ ^1S_0$ 224
8.4.2 Radiative Decay from $2\ ^3S_1$ 227
8.4.3 Radiative Decay from $2\ ^3P_2$ 229
8.4.4 Radiative Decay from $2\ ^3P_1$ 231
8.5 Study of Doubly-Excited Configurations in the Two-Electron System 232
References 233

9. Coherence, Alignment, and Orientation Phenomena in the Beam-Foil Light Source. By J. Macek and D. Burns 237
9.1 General Theoretical Considerations 239
9.1.1 The Emission Process 239
9.1.2 Symmetry Considerations 243
9.2 Alignment and Linear Polarization 246
9.2.1 Zero-Field Measurements 246
9.2.2 Electric Field 253
9.2.3 Magnetic Field 257
9.3 Orientation and Circular Polarization 260
9.3.1 Zero Field 260
9.3.2 Magnetic Field Measurements 261
9.3.3 The Quadratic Stark Effect 262
References 263

10. The Measurement of Autoionizing Ion Levels and Lifetimes by Fast Projectile Electron Spectroscopy. By Ivan A. Sellin..... 265

10.1 The Fast-Projectile Electron Spectroscopy (FPES) Method 269

10.1.1 Choice of an Analyzer 270

10.1.2 Properties of a Cylindrical-Mirror Analyzer Suitable for FPES 271

10.1.3 Kinematic Modification of Analyzer Optimization Criteria 274

10.1.4 Relativistic Corrections to Analyzer Performance 275

10.1.5 Broadening from Transverse Velocity Spread 276

10.1.6 Further Kinematic Considerations: Sample Estimates of Net Line Widths Observed in FPES 277

10.1.7 Summary of the Advantages of FPES 279

10.2 Examples of FPES 280

10.2.1 Spectra of Long-Lived States of the Li-Like, Be-Like, and B-Like Ions 280

10.2.2 Spectra of Long-Lived Core-Excited States of Sodium-Like Chlorine 282

10.2.3 Core-Excited States of the Neutral and Nearly-Neutral Alkali Metals 283

10.2.4 Electron Background in FPES with Foil Targets 286

10.2.5 Electron Background in FPES with Gas Targets 287

10.3 The Measurement of Auger Lifetimes by FPES 290

10.3.1 Auger Lifetimes of Metastable Lithium-Like Ions 290

10.3.2 Examples of Lifetimes from Optical Decay Channels of Auger-Emitting Levels 294

References 295

APPENDIX (Up-dated bibliography) 299

SUBJECT INDEX..... 311