CONTENTS

PAGE

PREFACE vii

CHAPTER 1—INTRODUCTION 1

1.1 Devices Using Electron Tubes 1
Radio Receivers—Radio Transmitters—Long-distance Wire Telephones—Television Systems—Measurement Devices—Industrial Control

1.2 Functions of Vacuum Tubes 2
Rectification—Amplification—Oscillation—Frequency Conversion—Modulation — Detection — Light-image Production — Photoelectric Action

CHAPTER 2—BASIC TUBE TYPES 5

2.1 Vacuum Diode 5

2.2 Vacuum Triode 6

2.3 Screen-grid Tube 7

2.4 Pentode 8

2.5 Beam-power Tube 9

2.6 Cathode-ray Tubes 12

2.7 Klystron 13

2.8 Magnetron 15

2.9 Phototubes 17

CHAPTER 3—ELECTRONS AND IONS 19

3.1 The Electron 19

3.2 The Proton 19

3.3 Other Fundamental Particles 20

3.4 Atoms and Molecules 20

3.5 Ions 22

CHAPTER 4—ELECTRONIC EMISSION 23

4.1 Theory of Thermionic Emission 24
Work Function—The Emission Equation—Types of Emitter

4.2 Emission of Pure Metals 35
Tungsten—Tantalum

4.3 Atomic-film Emitters 39

4.4 Oxide Emitters 42
Theory of Oxide Emission—Activation of Oxide Emitters—Specific Emission Characteristics—Transient Emission

4.5 Schottky Effect 46

4.6 Contact Difference of Potential 48

PAGE

4.7 Secondary Emission 48
Variation of Secondary Emission with Primary-electron Potential—Velocity Distribution of Secondary Electrons—Variation of Secondary Emission of Composite Layers—Secondary Emission of Insulators

CHAPTER 5—DETERMINATION OF POTENTIAL FIELDS 58
5.1 Units and Dimensions 58
5.2 Fundamental Quantities and Definitions 59
Forces between Charges
5.3 Solution of Potential Fields by Summation of Intensities 61
5.4 Summation of Potentials 62
5.5 Gauss's Law 64
5.6 Poisson's and Laplace's Equations 67
Interpretations of Laplace's Equation—Solutions of Laplace's Equation in Two Dimensions—Difference Form of Laplace's Equation
5.7 Elastic-membrane Models of Potential 75
5.8 Current-flow Models of Potential 76
5.9 Sketching of Flux and Potential Fields 80
Properties Useful in Sketching Fields
5.10 Method of Conformal Transformations 82
Complex Functions Satisfy Laplace's Equation—Definition of Analytic Functions—The Logarithmic Transformation—The Function $W = Z^{1/n}$

CHAPTER 6—LAWS OF ELECTRON MOTION 97
6.1 Electron in a Uniform Electric Field 97
6.2 Initial Velocity not Parallel to Field 99
6.3 Electrostatic Deflection of Cathode-ray Beams 101
6.4 Relativity Correction for Velocity 103
6.5 Two-dimensional Electric Fields 107
6.6 Electron in a Uniform Magnetic Field 111
6.7 Behavior of Electrons in Nonuniform Magnetic Fields 114
6.8 Combined Electric and Magnetic Fields 116
6.9 Approximate Numerical and Graphical Methods for Determining Electron Paths 121
Method of Joined Circular Segments—Use of Elastic-membrane Model of Potential to Determine Electron Paths—Application of the Principle of Least Action

CHAPTER 7—THE ELECTROSTATIC FIELD OF A TRIODE 125
7.1 Method of Solution 125
7.2 Electrostatic Field of a Plane-electrode Low-mu Triode 125
Contour Representation of Potential Field—Profile Representation of Potential Field
7.3 Electrostatic Field of a Low-mu Cylindrical-electrode Triode 135
Potential Contours of a Cylindrical Triode—Potential Profiles of a Cylindrical Triode
7.4 Analysis of the High-mu Triode 142
Potential Contours and Profiles—Amplification Factor of a High-mu Plane-electrode Triode—Amplification Factor of a High-mu Cylindrical Triode

PAGE

7.5 The Equivalent Electrostatic Circuit of a Triode . . . 152
7.6 Equivalent-diode Spacing of a Triode . . . 153
Diode Equivalent to a Plane-electrode Triode—Diode Equivalent to a Cylindrical-electrode Triode
7.7 Application of Amplification-factor Formulas to Actual Triodes . . . 156
7.8 More Accurate Amplification-factor Formulas . . . 158
Formula for Small Grid-plate Spacings—Formulas for Small Screening Fraction—Formula for Small Cathode-grid Spacings
7.9 Amplification Factor of Unconventional Tubes . . . 165

CHAPTER 8—SPACE-CHARGE EFFECTS . . . 168
8.1 Effects of Current Flow . . . 168
8.2 Plane-electrode Space-charge Flow . . . 170
8.3 Cylindrical-electrode Space-charge Flow . . . 173
8.4 Space-charge Flow for Other Geometries . . . 181
Spherical Electrodes—The General Case
8.5 Current Law for Plane Triodes . . . 183
Current Law in Terms of Electrode Dimensions
8.6 Mutual Conductance of a Plane Triode . . . 188
8.7 Mutual Conductance of a Cylindrical Triode . . . 188
8.8 Effect of Filamentary Emitters . . . 189
8.9 Effect of Initial Electron Velocity . . . 191
8.10 Effect of Space Charge upon Transit Time in Diodes . . . 195
8.11 Summary . . . 198

CHAPTER 9—TRIODE CHARACTERISTICS . . . 201
9.1 Control Action of the Grid . . . 201
9.2 Current-voltage Characteristics of the Triode . . . 202
Plate-current–Grid-voltage Characteristics — Plate-current–Plate-voltage Characteristics—Contours of Constant Plate Current—The Plate-current Surface
9.3 Definition of Triode Constants . . . 205
Amplification Factor—Mutual Conductance—Plate Resistance—Relation between Tube Constants—Variation of Tube "Constants"
9.4 Effective Tube Constants of Combinations of Tubes . . . 212
9.5 Electron Paths . . . 213
9.6 Grid Current . . . 218
Grid-current–Grid-voltage Characteristics—Grid-current–Plate-voltage Characteristics—Constant-grid-current Contours—The Grid-current Surface—Effect of Secondary Electrons
9.7 Primary-grid-current Law . . . 224
Current-division Factor—Approximate Primary-grid-current Law—Current-division-factor Formula—Current-division Law in the Presence of Secondary Emission

CHAPTER 10—TETRODES . . . 238
10.1 Types of Tetrode . . . 238
10.2 Current-voltage Characteristics of the Screen-grid Tube . . . 238
Plate-current–Plate-voltage Characteristics of Screen-grid Tube—Screen-current–Plate-voltage Characteristics of the Screen-grid Tube—General Characteristics of Screen-grid Tubes

PAGE

10.3 Beam-power Tubes . . . 245
10.4 The Electrostatic Field of a Beam-power Tube . . . 245
10.5 Space-charge Effects in the Screen-grid–Anode Region of Beam-power Tubes . . . 248
Type *A* Distribution—Type *B* Distribution—Type *C* Distribution—Type *D* Distributions
10.6 Dynamic Characteristics of Beam-power Tubes . . . 259
Injected Current Varied, Potentials Constant—Plate Potential Varied, Screen Potential and Injected Current Constant

CHAPTER 11—PENTODES . . . 266
11.1 Electrode Arrangement in a Pentode . . . 266
11.2 Current-voltage Characteristics of the Pentode . . . 267
Plate-current–Control-grid-voltage Characteristics — Plate-current–Plate-voltage Characteristics of a Pentode—Space-current–Plate-voltage Characteristics of the Pentode—Screen-grid-current–Plate-voltage Characteristics of a Pentode—Suppressor-grid Effects
11.3 Current Division in Pentodes . . . 272
11.4 Amplification Factor of a Pentode . . . 278
Electrostatic Field of a Pentode—Electrostatic Amplification Factor of a Pentode—True Amplification Factor of a Pentode
11.5 Transconductance of a Pentode . . . 288
11.6 Plate Resistance of a Pentode . . . 288
11.7 Design Considerations . . . 289

CHAPTER 12—NOISE IN VACUUM TUBES . . . 298
12.1 Noise as a Limiting Factor in the Ultimate Sensitivity of Electronic Devices . . . 298
12.2 Noise in Resistors . . . 299
12.3 Sources of Noise in Tubes . . . 305
12.4 Shot Noise in Diodes with Temperature-limited Emission . . . 306
12.5 Reduced Shot Effect in Diodes with Space-charge-limited Emission . . . 308
12.6 Reduced Shot Effect in Triodes with Space-charge-limited Current . . . 310
12.7 Noise Due to Gas in Tubes . . . 312
12.8 Reduced Shot Effect in Multielectrode Tubes with Space-charge-limited Currents . . . 313
12.9 Noise in Mixer Tubes . . . 314
12.10 Noise Induced at Ultra-high Frequencies by Random Emission . . . 316
12.11 Noise in Velocity-modulation Tubes . . . 317
12.12 Noise in Phototubes . . . 318
12.13 Noise in Secondary-emission Multipliers . . . 319
12.14 Definition of Noise Figure . . . 321
Noise Figure for Two Networks in Cascade
12.15 Measurement of Noise and Noise Figure . . . 325
Typical Tube-noise Values

CHAPTER 13—ELECTROSTATIC ELECTRON OPTICS . . . 328
13.1 Introduction . . . 328
Snell's Law—The Principle of Least Action—Simple Lenses—Lens Formulas

PAGE

13.2 Electrostatic-lens Fields . . . 337
General Form of Fields with Rotational Symmetry—The Equal-diameter Two-cylinder Lens—Equal-diameter Spaced Cylinders—Two-diameter Cylinder Lenses—Aperture Lenses
13.3 Electron Paths . . . 349
13.4 General Lens Properties . . . 350
Thin Lenses—Thick Lenses
13.5 Calculation of Lens Characteristics . . . 360
Method of Linear Axial-potential Segments—Method of Equivalent Thin Lenses
13.6 Measurement of Lens Characteristics . . . 365
Double-grid Method of Measuring Lens Characteristics
13.7 Optical Characteristics of Lenses . . . 369
13.8 Calculation of Lens Characteristics . . . 375
13.9 *P-Q* Curves of Lenses . . . 377
Comparison of Lenses—The *Einzel* Lens
13.10 Aberrations . . . 387
Chromatic Aberration—Coma—Astigmatism—Curvature of Field—Distortion of Field—Spherical Aberration—Other Lens Defects

CHAPTER 14—MAGNETIC LENSES . . . 394
14.1 Focusing Action of Axial Magnetic Fields . . . 394
14.2 Magnetic Fields with Rotational Symmetry . . . 396
14.3 Electron Motion in a Magnetic Field Expressed in Cylindrical Coordinates . . . 397
14.4 Differential Equations of Motion of the Paraxial Electron . . . 398
14.5 Focusing Properties of Magnetic Lenses . . . 399
General—Magnetic Lens of a Circular Turn of Wire—The Glazer Lens
14.6 Practical Magnetic Lenses . . . 404
14.7 Magnetic-lens Defects . . . 405
14.8 The General Equations of Motion in Combined Electric and Magnetic Fields . . . 406

CHAPTER 15—CATHODE-RAY TUBES . . . 412
15.1 The General Form of Cathode-ray Tubes . . . 412
15.2 Electron-gun Design . . . 414
Cutoff Relations in the Electron Gun—Electron Paths in the Electron Gun—Focusing System—Alternative Electrode Structures
15.3 Deflection Devices . . . 425
Electrostatic Deflecting Plates—Magnetic Deflection—Relative Merits of Electrostatic and Magnetic Deflection—Visual versus Deflection Sensitivity—Postdeflection Acceleration
15.4 Fluorescent Materials . . . 429
Definitions—General Make-up of Phosphors—Luminous Properties of Fluorescent Materials—Electrical Characteristics of Phosphors
15.5 Limitations of Spot Size . . . 437
Effect of Thermal Velocity of Emission—Space-charge Limitation of Spot Size—Effect of Secondary Emission—Halation

PAGE

15.6 High-efficiency Cathodes 449
Parallel Flow of a Rectangular Beam—Parallel-flow Cylindrical Beam—Convergent Radial Flow of a Conical Beam
15.7 Ultra-high-frequency Deflection Effects 465
15.8 Photography of Cathode-ray Traces 470
Beam Power—Screen Types—Writing Speed—Time, Stop, and Magnification—Film Sensitivity—Developers and Development

CHAPTER 16—ULTRA-HIGH-FREQUENCY EFFECTS IN CONVENTIONAL TUBES . . 475
16.1 Introduction 475
16.2 Causes of Decreased Output at Ultra-high Frequencies 475
16.3 Onset of Tube-reactance Limitations 477
16.4 The Nature of Currents Induced by Electron Motion at Ultra-high Frequencies 482
The General Case—The Diode without Space Charge—The Diode with Space Charge—Currents Induced in the Electrodes of a Triode
16.5 Onset of Transit-time Effects in Triodes 490
16.6 Transit-time Effects in the Space-charge-limited Diode 495
16.7 Small-signal Transit-time Effects in the Space-charge-limited Triode . 501
16.8 Similitude and Scaling in Ultra-high-frequency Triodes 504
16.9 High-frequency Limit of Triode Oscillation 507
16.10 Large-signal Effects 516
Transit-time Effects in Diodes—Transit-time Effects in Triodes—Transit-time Effects in Tetrodes—The Resnatron
16.11 Disk-seal Tubes 524

CHAPTER 17—VELOCITY-MODULATED TUBES OR KLYSTRONS 527
17.1 The Bunching Principle 527
17.2 Cavity Resonators 529
17.3 Mechanism of Energy Interchange between Electrons and Cavity Resonators 537
17.4 First-order Bunching Theory 541
17.5 The Klystron Amplifier 556
Structure of the Klystron Amplifier—Output Power of the Klystron Amplifier—Efficiency of the Klystron Amplifier—Mutual Conductance of the Klystron Amplifier—Power Required to Bunch the Beam
17.6 The Cascade Amplifier 564
17.7 Frequency-multiplier Klystrons 566
17.8 Second-order Bunching Effects 567
17.9 The Reflex-klystron Oscillator 571
Behavior of Electrons in the Reflector Space—Distance-time Diagram of a Reflex-klystron Oscillator—Bunching Theory of the Reflex-klystron Oscillator—Self-admittance of the Beam—Mechanism by Which Oscillations Start—Variation of Beam Conductance with Amplitude of Oscillation—The Electronic-admittance Spiral—Reflex-klystron Oscillation with a Simple Resonant Circuit—Power Relations in the Reflex-klystron Oscillator—Voltage Stability of Reflex-klystron Oscillators
17.10 Broad-band Operation of Reflex-klystron Oscillators 591
Equivalent Circuit of Concentric-line Resonator—Possible Modes of

PAGE

Oscillation—Method of Calculating Oscillation Mode Plot—Mode Interference

17.11 The Two-resonator Klystron Oscillator 606
17.12 The Heil Tube 616
17.13 Bunching Effects in Negative-grid Tubes 616

CHAPTER 18—MAGNETRON OSCILLATORS 621
18.1 Introduction 621
18.2 Structural Form of Magnetrons 622
18.3 Resonant Properties of Multicavity Magnetrons 625
18.4 Electron Behavior in Crossed Static Magnetic and Static Electric Fields: Plane Case 631
18.5 Electron Behavior in Crossed Magnetic and Alternating Electric Fields: Plane Case 636
Alternating Transverse Electric-field Effect of a Traveling Electric Field
18.6 Electron Behavior in Crossed Magnetic and Radial Electric Fields . . 642
18.7 The Effect of Space Charge 648
18.8 Electron Behavior in Crossed Magnetic and Alternating Radial Electric Fields 651
18.9 Basic Design Relations for Multicavity Magnetrons 660
18.10 Dimensional Relations in Magnetrons 665
18.11 Output Characteristics of Magnetrons 667

CHAPTER 19—PHOTOELECTRIC TUBES 675
19.1 The General Form of Photoelectric Tubes 675
19.2 Fundamental Photoelectric Relations 675
19.3 History of the Photoelectric Effect 676
19.4 Specific Photoemission Characteristics 677
19.5 Fundamental Theory of Photoemission 681
19.6 Spectral Response Curves of Photoemissive Surfaces 683
19.7 Vacuum-phototube Characteristics 684
Current-voltage Characteristics—Spectral Characteristics
19.8 Gas-phototube Characteristics 688
Factors in the Design of Gas Phototubes—Frequency Distortion in Gas Phototubes—Summary of Gas-phototube Characteristics
19.9 Utilization of Phototube Characteristics 693
19.10 Photomultiplier Tubes 694

CHAPTER 20—SPECIAL TUBES 701
20.1 Introduction 701
20.2 The Hexode 702
20.3 The Heptode 710
20.4 The Pentagrid Converter 714
20.5 The Octode 716
20.6 Space-charge Grid Tubes 717
20.7 Negative-resistance Tubes 718
Glow-discharge Tubes—The Dynatron—Direct-coupled Negative-resistance Devices—Negative Screen-grid Resistance of a Pentode—

PAGE

Push-pull Negative-resistance Circuit—Feedback Circuits—Special Negative-resistance Tubes

20.8 Negative-transconductance Tubes 723
20.9 Electron-ray Indicator Tubes 723
20.10 Directed-ray Electron Tubes 724
20.11 Deflection Tubes 727
20.12 Television Camera Tubes 728
The Image-dissector Tube—The Iconoscope—The Image Iconoscope—The Orthicon—The Image Orthicon—The Monoscope
20.13 The Electron Microscope 738
Structure of the Electron Microscope—Equivalent Wave Length of Electrons—Theoretical Resolving Power of the Electron Microscope—Operating Principle of the Electron Microscope—Limits of Resolving Power—Electrostatic Electron Microscopes

CHAPTER 21—HIGH-VACUUM PRACTICE 747
21.1 Introduction 747
21.2 Fundamental Gas Laws 749
Boyle's Law—Charles's Law or Gay-Lussac's Law—Avogadro's Law—General Gas-expansion Law—Distribution of Velocities in a Gas—Mean Free Path of a Gas Molecule—Mean Free Path of an Electron among Gas Molecules
21.3 Measurement of Vacuum 757
Manometers—The McLeod Gauge—The Spark-discharge Tube—The Pirani Gauge—The Thermocouple Gauge—Triode Ionization Gauge
21.4 Pumping Speed 775
Speed of an Aperture—Definition of Pump Speed—Speed of Tubing—Effect of Tubing Upon Pumping Speed
21.5 Production of Low Vacuum 780
21.6 Production of High Vacuum 781
The Mercury-diffusion Pump—Oil Pumps—Fractionating Pumps
21.7 Glass and Its Properties 791
Composition of Glass—Physical Properties of Glass—Working of Glass
21.8 Sealing of Glass to Other Materials 796
Sealing of Small Leads Into Glass—Copper-to-glass Seals—Kovar and Fernico—Glass-to-porcelain Seals—Glass-to-mica Seals
21.9 Metals Useful in Tube Construction 801
Nickel—Copper—Aluminum—Molybdenum—Tantalum—Tungsten—Relative Properties of the Metals—Spot Welding
21.10 Insulators 807
21.11 Degassing of Glass and Metals 808
21.12 Getters 809

APPENDIXES
I. Properties of the Elements 811
II. Differential Operators and Vector Notation 813
III. A Note on Mks Units 817
IV. Characteristics of Fluorescent Screens 821

PAGE

V. Surface Resistance and Depth of Penetration of Current Resulting from Skin Effects 822
VI. Principal Properties of the Bessel Functions 823
VII. Values of α^2 as a Function of r_c/r for use in Eq. (15.63) 825
VIII. Nomographic Chart Relating Object and Image Distance to the Focal Length of a Thin Lens 826
IX. Nomographic Chart Relating Tube Constants 827
X. Designation of Frequency Bands 828

PROBLEMS 829

NAME INDEX 849

SUBJECT INDEX 853