

CONTENTS

<i>Preface</i>	11
<i>A simple technological problem</i>	15
1. Direct experiment	16
2. Test run (the “classical method”)	16
3. Experiment design	17
4. Dimensional analysis	18
5. Analytic solution	19
6. Numerical solution	21
7. Similitude modelling	22
8. Analogy	23
<i>Part I. THEORY</i>	27
<i>Chapter 1. The concept of similitude</i>	29
<i>Chapter 2. The similitude method</i>	33
2.1. Geometric similarity	33
2.2. Similitude of phenomena	40
2.3. Physical variables	45
2.4. Dimensional homogeneity	50
2.5. Criteria and invariants of similitude	56
<i>Chapter 3. Physical fundamentals (transport theory)</i>	67
3.1. Extensities and intensities	67
3.2. Balance equations (continuity equations)	77
3.2.1. Flows	78
3.2.2. Differential balance	80
3.2.3. Mathematical models of processes	83
3.3. A classification of technological processes	84
<i>Chapter 4. Types of problems and their solution</i>	86
4.1. Types of problems	88
4.1.1. The direct problem	88

4.1.2.	The indirect problem	89
4.1.3.	The inductive problem (identification)	90
4.1.4.	Conclusions	91
4.2.	Methods of solution	93
4.2.1.	Analytic solution	94
4.2.2.	Numerical solution	95
4.2.3.	The experimental solution	96
4.2.4.	Conclusions	99
<i>Chapter 5. Dimensional analysis</i>		101
5.1.	The purpose of dimensional analysis	101
5.2.	The method of dimensional analysis	104
5.2.1.	The dimensional matrix	104
5.2.2.	Determining dimensionless numbers	106
5.2.3.	Relationships of various groups of dimensionless numbers	110
5.3.	Dimensional analysis and similitude	113
<i>Chapter 6. Modelling</i>		118
6.1.	The model concept	118
6.2.	The purpose of modelling	119
6.3.	Types of model	120
6.3.1.	Hydrointegrator	125
6.3.2.	The RC network	127
6.4.	Analogy	130
6.5.	“Degrees of freedom” and the freedom of choosing model parameters	131
<i>Chapter 7. Approximate and partial modelling</i>		136
7.1.	Approximate similitude	136
7.2.	Two-dimensional approximation	140
7.3.	Partial modelling	141
7.4.	Conclusions	145
<i>Chapter 8. Preparation and evaluation of experiments</i>		146
8.1.	Preliminary analysis	146
8.2.	Measurement errors	151
8.3.	Design of experiments	156
<i>Chapter 9. General types of similitude invariants</i>		163
<i>Part II. APPLICATIONS</i>		171
<i>Chapter 10. Heat conduction and diffusion</i>		175
10.1.	Fundamental equations	175
10.1.1.	Heat conduction	175
10.1.2.	Diffusion	182

10.1.3.	The continuity equation of mass transport	188
10.1.4.	Mass transport in a moving fluid	189
10.1.5.	Heat exchange in a flowing fluid	190
10.1.6.	Thermodiffusion	196
10.2.	Examples	201
10.2.1.	Modelling of glass casting	201
10.2.2.	Thermal effect of flooring and indoor spaces	207
10.2.3.	Mixing (The heat-conduction analog of concentration distribution)	211
10.2.4.	Temperature distribution in the composite wall of a building	215
<i>Chapter 11. Fluid dynamics</i>		220
11.1.	The fundamental equations	221
11.1.1.	The equation of momentum transport	221
11.1.1.1.	The momentum balance	221
11.1.1.2.	The similitude transformation	226
11.1.1.3.	Free convection	230
11.1.2.	Momentum transport in turbulent flow	233
11.1.3.	Solid particles in a flowing fluid	240
11.1.3.1.	The balance equations	241
11.1.3.2.	Similitude transformation	246
11.2.	Examples	247
11.2.1.	Isothermal jets	247
11.2.2.	A sports hall	252
11.2.2.1.	Two-dimensional water model	257
11.2.2.2.	Three-dimensional air model	261
11.2.3.	Modelling a dust-laden air flow	267
<i>Chapter 12. Elastic deformation</i>		269
12.1.	The fundamental equations	270
12.1.1.	The equation of momentum transport for solid bodies	270
12.1.1.1.	The deformation vector	270
12.1.1.2.	The momentum balance	271
12.1.1.3.	Similitude transformation	272
12.1.1.4.	Damped oscillations	275
12.1.1.5.	Vibration of a two-dimensional membrane	281
12.1.2.	The energy balance	282
12.1.3.	Bending deformation of a bar	285
12.1.3.1.	Differential equation of an elastic bar	285
12.1.3.2.	Similitude transformation	289
12.2.	Examples	293
12.2.1.	Electric modelling of vibration in dams	293
12.2.2.	Optical stress modelling	296
12.2.3.	Metal milling	298
<i>Chapter 13. Chemical reactions</i>		302
13.1.	The fundamental equations	302
13.1.1.	Mass balance	302

13.1.2.	Energy balance	306
13.1.3.	Momentum balance	310
13.1.4.	Partial modelling of chemical reactions	311
13.2.	Examples	313
13.2.1.	Modelling of chemical reaction rates	313
13.2.1.1.	Modelling of combustion rates	313
13.2.2.	Modelling of flow conditions	315
13.2.3.	Modelling of radiant-energy flow	319
13.2.4.	Mixing in the reaction zone	322
	<i>In place of a postscript</i>	325
	<i>Annotated bibliography</i>	328
	<i>Author and subject index</i>	333